

Sallux

Independent auditor's report on the financial year
ended 31 December 2021

Grant Thornton Bedrijfsrevisoren SCRL

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Independent auditor's report with respect to the Annual Accounts of the Sallux for the year ended 31 December 2021

In accordance with our service contract dated 5 January 2021 with the European Union represented by the European Parliament, we report to you as independent auditor on the performance of our audit mandate which was entrusted to Grant Thornton Bedrijfsrevisoren CVBA. This report includes our opinion on the balance sheet as at 31 December 2021, the income statement for the year ended 31 December 2021 and the disclosures (all elements together the "Annual Accounts") using the abbreviated schedule and on the Final Statement of eligible expenditure actually incurred as well as on compliance with rules and regulations applicable to funding of European political parties and European political foundations and includes as well our report on regulatory requirements. These two reports are considered as one report and are inseparable.

We have been appointed as independent auditor by the European Parliament in our contract dated 5 January 2021. Our mandate expires after the delivery of our audit opinion for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Report on the Annual Accounts and the Final Statement of eligible expenditure actually incurred**Unqualified opinion**

We have audited the Annual Accounts of Sallux (the "Entity"), that comprise the balance sheet on 31 December 2021, as well as the income statement of the year and the disclosures, which show a balance sheet total of € 82.915,02 and of which the income statement shows a profit for the year of € 3.728,62.

In our opinion, the Annual Accounts give a true and fair view of the Entity's net equity and financial position as at 31 December 2021, and of its results for the year then ended, prepared in accordance with the financial reporting framework applicable in the Netherlands, using the abbreviated schedule.

We have also audited the Final Statement of eligible expenditure actually incurred for the year ended 31 December 2021, in accordance with rules and regulations applicable to funding of European political parties and European political foundations, of Sallux.

In our opinion, the Final Statement of eligible expenditure actually incurred of the Entity for the year ended 31 December 2021 is prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with rules and regulations applicable to funding of European political parties and European political foundations.

Basis for the unqualified opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISA"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Our responsibilities for the audit of the Annual Accounts and the Final Statement of eligible expenditure actually incurred" section of our report.

We have complied with all ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit, including those with respect of independence.

We have obtained from the Members of the Board and the officials of the Entity the explanations and information necessary for the performance of our audit and we believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting and Restriction on Distribution

We draw attention to the Final Statement of eligible expenditure actually incurred. This schedule is prepared to assist the Entity to meet the requirements of the European Parliament. As a result, the schedule may not be suitable for another purpose. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Responsibilities of the Members of the Board for the preparation of the Annual Accounts and the Final Statement of eligible expenditure actually incurred

The Members of the Board are responsible for the preparation of the Annual Accounts that give a true and fair view in accordance with the reporting framework applicable in the Netherlands and the Final Statement of eligible expenditure actually incurred. This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal control which the Members of the Board determine to be necessary to enable the preparation of the Annual Accounts and the Final Statement of eligible expenditure actually incurred that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

The Members of the Board are responsible towards the European Parliament for the use of the grant awarded and must comply with the provisions of the Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 1141/2014, Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2018/1046 ('the Financial Regulation') and the underlying acts.

As part of the preparation of the Annual Accounts, the Members of the Board are responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, and provide, if applicable, information on matters impacting going concern. The Members of the Board should prepare the Annual Accounts using the going concern basis of accounting, unless the Members of the Board either intend to liquidate the Entity or to cease business operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Our responsibilities for the audit of the Annual Accounts and the Final Statement of eligible expenditure actually incurred

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance whether the Annual Accounts and the Final Statement of eligible expenditure actually incurred are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to express an opinion on these Annual Accounts and Final Statement of eligible expenditure actually incurred based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the ISA will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Annual Accounts and the Final Statement of eligible expenditure actually incurred.

When performing our audit, we comply with the legal, regulatory and normative framework that applies to the audit of the financial statements in the Netherlands. However, a statutory audit does not provide assurance as to the future viability of the Entity nor as to the efficiency or effectiveness with which the governing body has conducted or will conduct the Entity's business. Our responsibilities regarding the assumption of going concern applied by the governing body are described below.

Furthermore, with respect to the Final Statement of eligible expenditure actually incurred, it is our responsibility to express an opinion on the compliance with rules and regulations applicable to funding of European political parties and European political foundations.

As part of an audit, in accordance with ISA, we exercise professional judgment and we maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also perform the following tasks:

- Identification and assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Annual Accounts and the Final Statement of eligible expenditure actually incurred, whether due to fraud or error, the planning and execution of audit procedures to respond to these risks and obtain audit evidence which is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting material misstatements is larger when these misstatements are due to fraud, since fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- Obtaining insight in the system of internal controls that are relevant for the audit and with the objective to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control;
- Evaluating the selected and applied accounting policies, and evaluating the reasonability of the accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Members of the Board as well as the underlying information given by the Members of the Board;
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Members of the Board's use of the going concern basis of accounting, and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to event or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Annual Accounts or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on audit evidence obtained up to the date of the auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going-concern;

- Evaluating the overall presentation, structure and content of the Annual Accounts and the Final Statement of eligible expenditure actually incurred, and evaluating whether these Annual Accounts and the Final Statement of eligible expenditure actually incurred reflect a true and fair view of the underlying transactions and events.

We communicate with the Members of the Board regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on regulatory requirements

Responsibilities of the Members of the Board

The Members of the Board are responsible for the compliance by the Entity with the legal and regulatory requirements applicable in the Netherlands, its articles of association, the legal and regulatory requirements regarding bookkeeping and the provisions of the Grant Agreement between the European Parliament and the Entity ('the Funding Agreement'), Regulation (EU, Euratom) No. 1141/2014, Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2018/1046 ('the Financial Regulation') and the underlying acts.

Responsibilities of the auditor

Our audit work included specific procedures to gather sufficient and appropriate audit evidence to verify, in all material respects, that the financial provisions and obligations of the grant award agreement, Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 1141/2014, Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2018/1046 ('the Financial Regulation') and the underlying acts have been met.

Independence matters

We have not performed any other services that are not compatible with the audit of the Annual Accounts and the Final Statement of eligible expenditure actually incurred and we have remained independent of the Entity during the course of our mandate.

Other communications

- Without prejudice to certain formal aspects of minor importance, the accounting records were maintained in accordance with the legal and regulatory requirements applicable in the Netherlands;
- The costs declared were actually incurred;
- The statement of revenue is exhaustive;
- The financial documents submitted by the entity to the European Parliament are consistent with the financial provisions of the Funding Agreement;
- The obligations arising from Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 1141/2014, in particular from Article 20 thereof, have been met;
- The obligations arising from the Funding Agreement, in particular from Article II.9 and Article II.19 thereof, have been met;
- Any surplus of Union funding is carried over to the next financial year and has been used in the first quarter of that financial year, pursuant to Article 222(7) of the Financial Regulation;

- Any surplus of own resources was transferred to the reserve;
- We were not yet provided with the financial statements prepared in accordance with the international accounting standards defined in article 2 of regulation (EC) No 1606/2002. The financial statements prepared in accordance with the international accounting standards will be subject to a separate audit opinion.

Vilvoorde, June 1st, 2022

Grant Thornton Bedrijfsrevisoren SCRL
Represented by

Gunther Loits
Registered auditor

Annex 1: Annual accounts

SALLUX

Annual reporting 2021



sallux

ECPM FOUNDATION

Table of contents

Basic information about Sallux	1
Regulations	1
Amendments of the Articles	1
Board	1
General Assembly	2
Financial report 2020 approved	2
 Annual Accounts	
Balance sheet as at 31 December 2021	4
Income statement for the year ended 31 December 2021	5
Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 December 2021	6
Accounting policies used in preparing the financial statements	7
Notes to the balance sheet as at 31 December 2021	13
Notes to the income statement for the year ended 31 December 2021	17
Events after the balance sheet date for the consolidated financial statements	19
Annex 1: Profit and Loss account according to the models given by European Parliament	21
Annex 2: Members of SALLUX (on 31-12-2021)	23

Basic information about Sallux

Regulations

The objectives of the association are to reinforce Christian politics in Europe. Sallux is the official recognized European political foundation of European Christian Political Movement (ECPM) and represents a common European political Framework for national think-tanks associated to ECPM member-parties and similar organizations who adhere to the purposes and program of Sallux. The foundation is affiliated to ECPM as its sole European political foundation in accordance with the Regulation (EC) No1141/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the regulations governing political parties at European level and the rules regarding their funding.

Sallux infuses ideas and policy proposals into the ECPM and connect the ECPM with like-minded thinktanks and NGO's.

Sallux is an association (in Dutch: vereniging zonder winstoogmerk) which has its seat in the municipality of Amersfoort (The Netherlands). The main address is: Bergstraat 33, 3811NG Amersfoort. Sallux is registered in the Chamber of Commerce (Kamer van Koophandel) under registration number: 51012030.

Amendments of the Articles

SaOn May 22 2014 the name of the association was changed from European Christian Political Foundation in to Christian Political Foundation for Europe. And on December 5 2016 the name was changed into Sallux, ECPM foundation. At April 2017 the statutes were changed to ensure alignment with the amended regulation for parties and foundations at European level. Sallux is officially registered with the Authority for European political parties and Foundations.

Board

The board has 11 members that are elected by the General Assembly. At the end of the year 2021 the board had the following members:

Chairman:	David fieldsend	(since September 9, 2010)
Treasurer:	Walter van Luik	(since June 7, 2012)
Secretary:	Christophe Foltzenlogel	(since May 8, 2015)
	Antero Laukkanen	(since March 25, 2013)
	Annelie Enochsson	(since May 8, 2014)
	Gabriella Urbanova	(since June 9, 2018)
	Slawomir Ducher	(since June 9, 2018)
	Adam Bohar	(since June 13, 2019)
	Petru Bulica	(since December 18 2020)
	Valentina Rovinalti	(since December 18 2020)
	Ralf Pieckenbrock	(since December 18 2020)

The board had meetings on 10 February, 30 April, 10 June, 21 September and 30 November

General Assembly

Sallux had in 2021 1 General Assembly on June 10th, via Zoom.

Financial report 2020 approved

At the General Assembly held on June 10th the financial report 2021 has been approved, including all small changes made with regard to EP-services comments. The result of 2020: € 3.307 has been added to the General reserve.

Activities

Most of the Events that were held, had to be done via digital platforms so there were not really main activities in real life.

All mayor and minor Sallux Events are registered on the website www.sallux.eu.

2021 Financial statements

of
SALLUX

Balance sheet as at 31 December 2021

after appropriation of result

A s s e t s

(in euros)

	2021	2020
Non-current assets		
Intangible assets (1)	2.599	5.153
Property, plant and equipment (2)	3.952	4.334
Financial assets (3)	1.602	1.602
Total of non-current assets	8.153	11.089
Current assets		
Receivables (4)	5.062	750
Cash at bank and in hand	69.701	31.762
Total of current assets	74.763	32.512
Total assets	<u>82.916</u>	<u>43.601</u>

E q u i t y a n d l i a b i l i t i e s

(in euros)

	2021	2020
Group equity (5)		
Own equity	11.151	7.422
Provisions (6)	32.501	6.068
Current liabilities (7)	39.264	30.111
Total of equity and liabilities	<u>82.916</u>	<u>43.601</u>

Income statement for the year ended 31 December 2021

(in euros)

	2021	Budget 2021	2020
Gross operating result (8)	362.988	422.482	321.801
wages and salaries (9)	119.372	125.000	116.491
social security charges (10)	20.350	22.000	20.768
amortization of intangible assets and depreciation of property, plant and equipment (11)	4.155	8.000	6.306
other operating expenses (12)	214.789	266.682	172.285
Total of sum of expenses	358.666	421.682	315.850
	4.322	800	5.951
financial income and expenses (13)	-593	-800	-2.644
Result	3.729	-	3.307

Appropriation of results

	General reserve
	€
General reserve at January 1, 2021	7.422
Result 2021	3.729
General reserve at December 31, 2021	11.151

Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 December 2021

		2021	2020
Operating income for the year		4.322	5.951
Adjustments for:			
Finance costs	13	-593	-2.644
Depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment	11	1.600	1.927
Amortisation and impairment of intangible assets	11	2.554	4.378
Movement in provisions	6	26.433	-1.232
European Parliament grant	7	-366.409	-299.291
Net profit/(loss) before changes in working capital		-332.093	-290.911
Changes in working capital:			
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables		-4.312	14.374
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables		9.153	-8.943
Cash receipt/(reimbursement) European Parliament grant:			
Receipt of European Parliament grant	7	366.409	299.291
Net cash flows from operating activities		39.157	13.811
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchases of intangible assets	1	0	0
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	2	-1.218	-3.238
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		0	0
Net cash flows from investing activities		-1.218	-3.238
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Repayment of borrowings		0	0
Interest paid on lease liabilities		0	0
Payments of lease liabilities		0	0
Net cash flows from financing activities		0	0
Movement in cash and cash equivalents including bank overdrafts		37.939	10.573
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		37.939	10.573
Net foreign exchange difference			
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		31.762	21.189
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December		69.701	31.762

Accounting policies used in preparing the financial statements

General

The registered office according to the Articles of Association of SALLUX is in Amersfoort SALLUX is registered in the Register of the Chamber of Commerce under the file number: 51012030. SALLUX was named European Christian Political Foundation until May 22, 2014 and Christian Political Foundation for Europe until April 11, 2017. SALLUX is officially registered with the Authority for European Political parties and foundations.

The address of SALLUX is Bergstraat 33, 3811NG AMERSFOORT

The financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 have been prepared in accordance with Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code. The financial statements were prepared on May 31st 2022.

Although SALLUX is registered as a Association under Dutch Law, for reasons of clarity, SALLUX will be mentioned as 'the Foundation'. This is because of the registration of SALLUX with before mentioned Authority.

Framework

In 2020 the Foundation has changed their presentation-framework of the Annual Account. The framework used to be 'in accordance with the Guidelines for annual reporting of the Dutch Accounting Standards Board ('Raad voor de Jaarverslaggeving')' but changed to the model provided in RJK C1. The change in Framework has no effect on the result and own equity of 2020 and 2021.

Affiliated organizations

SALLUX is the official Foundation of ECPM, a Political party on European Level.

Activities

The Foundations main activities are organizing of meetings, studies and research and the support of ECPM and influencing the opinion in Europe.

Going concern

The equity of SALLUX amounts to € 11.151 as at 31 December 2021. Before 2018 the reserves used to be negative. Current assets used to be insufficient to pay current liabilities. This is not the case anymore. The current ratio of Sallux is 1,90 (above 1 is normal). These conditions used to indicate the existence of an uncertainty which may cast doubt about the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern, for 2021 this is not the case anymore. For the year 2022 the Authority awarded a grant of maximum € 401.927. Based on the improving reserves, on the high Current Ratio and on this grant, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Foreign currency

Functional currency

The financial statements are prepared and presented in euros, which is also the functional currency of the company.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the functional currency exchange rates on the date of transaction. Monetary balance sheet items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency exchange rates on the balance sheet date. Non-monetary balance sheet items that are measured at historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the functional exchange rates ruling on the date of transaction. Non-monetary balance sheet items that are measured at current value are translated at the functional exchange rates ruling on the date of valuation.

Foreign currency exchange rate results arising on the settlement or translation of monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in the income statement.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are carried at current value are recognized directly in the revaluation reserves in equity.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments include both primary financial instruments, such as receivables, securities and payables, and derivative financial instruments.

For the accounting policies applicable to primary financial instruments, please refer to the treatment of individual balance sheet items.

SALLUX does not have derivatives.

Intangible assets

General

An intangible asset is recognized in the balance sheet if:

- It is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will accrue to SALLUX
- The cost of the asset can be reliably measured

Costs relating to intangible assets not meeting the criteria for capitalization (for example, cost of research, internal developed brands, logos, trademark rights and client databases) are recognized directly in the income statement.

Intangible assets obtained on the acquisition of a group company are carried at the fair value as at the date on which they are obtained.

Intangible assets are carried at cost of acquisition or production net of accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses where applicable.

Intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their expected useful economic lives, subject to a maximum of 20 years. The useful economic life and the amortization method are reviewed at each financial year-end. If the estimated useful economic life exceeds twenty years, an impairment test is carried out at each financial year-end following the date of recognition.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment for own use

Property, plant and equipment for own use are carried at the cost of acquisition or production (less any investment grants) net of accumulated depreciation and, if applicable, accumulated impairment losses. Property, plant and equipment carried at cost do not include capitalized interest charges.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful economic lives, taking into account the residual value.

The duration of amortization is as follows:

- Other property, plant and equipment are depreciated over three to five years

If the expected depreciation method, useful economic life and/or residual value are subject to changes over time, they are treated as a change in accounting estimate.

The carrying amount includes capitalized major maintenance costs when incurred and if the recognition criteria are met. The carrying amount of the components to be replaced will be regarded as a disposal and recognized directly in the income statement. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized directly in the income statement.

If a property, plant and equipment involves costs of obligations for restoring that are the consequence of having built the asset, the costs of restoring are recognized as part of the carrying amount of the asset, with a provision being recognized for an equal amount at the same time.

Property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon sale or when no further economic benefits are expected from its continued use or sale. The gain or loss arising on the disposal is recognized in the income statement.

Financial assets

Other financial assets

Non-current receivables

Non-current receivables and loans granted to participating interests as well as other receivables granted are recognized initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs, and subsequently stated at amortized cost based on the effective interest method, minus impairment where applicable. Gains and losses are recognized in the income statement when the receivables are transferred to a third party or an (reversal) impairment is recognized, as well as through the amortization process.

Receivables

Receivables under current assets are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs and subsequently stated at amortized cost based on the effective interest method net of a provision for doubtful debts when necessary.

Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand includes cash in hand, bank balances, notes and cheques and carried at face value. It also includes deposits if these are effectively at SALLUX's free disposal, even if interest income may be lost.

Cash at bank and in hand not expected to be at SALLUX's free disposal for longer than twelve months is classified as financial assets under the non-current assets. Cash at bank and in hand are carried at face value.

Impairment of non-financial assets

SALLUX assesses, at each reporting date, whether a non-financial asset or group of non-financial assets is impaired. SALLUX assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, SALLUX estimates the asset's recoverable amount. If it is not possible to determine the recoverable amount of the individual asset, the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs is determined.

An impairment occurs when the carrying amount of an asset is higher than the recoverable amount; the recoverable amount is the higher of the net realizable value and the value in use. An impairment loss is directly recognized in the income statement while the carrying amount of the asset concerned is concurrently reduced.

The net realizable value is initially based on a binding sale agreement; if there is no such agreement, net realizable value is determined based on the active market, whereby usually the prevailing bid price is taken as market price. In cases where there is no active market, the net realizable value is derived from

generally accepted valuation models. The costs deducted in determining the net realizable value are based on the estimated costs that are directly attributable to the sale and are necessary to realize the sale.

SALLUX assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that previously recognized impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased. If such indication exists, SALLUX estimates the asset's or cash-generating unit recoverable amount. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized.

Classification of equity and liabilities

A financial instrument or its separate components are classified in the financial statements as liability or as equity, in accordance with the substance of the contractual agreement underlying the financial instrument. In SALLUX financial statements, a financial instrument is classified in accordance with the legal reality. Interest, dividends, gains and losses relating to a financial instrument, or part of a financial instrument, are included in the financial statements in accordance with the classification of the financial instrument as liability or equity.

Provisions

A provision is recognized if SALLUX has a legal or constructive obligation on the balance sheet date and if it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the liability can be reliably estimated. The amount of the provision is determined based on a best estimate of the amounts required to settle the liabilities and losses concerned as at the balance sheet date. Provisions are carried at present value, unless stated otherwise.

If a third-party reimbursement of expenses to settle a provision is probable, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset.

Non-current liabilities

On initial recognition, non-current liabilities are carried at fair value less directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, non-current liabilities are carried at amortized cost.

Current liabilities

On initial recognition, current liabilities are carried at fair value less directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, current liabilities are carried at amortized cost. This is usually the face value for current liabilities.

Income

General

The Foundation's income is mainly the European Parliament-Grant. Members are paying a annual membership fee, based on the regulation adopted by the General Assembly and the Board. The Foundation also sells books (via the website or on events) and charges fees for attendance of Events.

Sale of goods

Income from the sale of goods is recognized in the income statement once all the major rights to economic benefits and significant risks relating to the goods have been transferred to the buyer, the income can be reliably measured and the income is probable to be received.

Services

If the result of a transaction relating to a service can be reliably estimated and the income is probable to be received, the income relating to that service is recognized in proportion to the service delivered. Stage of completion is based on the costs incurred in providing the services up to the balance sheet date in proportion to the estimated costs of the total services to be provided.

Interest

Interest income is recognized pro rata in the income statement, taking into account the effective interest rate for the asset concerned.

Government grants related to income

Government grants related to income are recognized in the income statement in the year in which the subsidized expenditure is incurred, in which the reduction of income is recognized or in which the operating loss is incurred for which the grant was received. The EP-grant that the Foundation receives counts as a Government grant.

Expenses

General

Expenses are determined with due observance of the aforementioned accounting policies and allocated to the financial year to which they relate. Foreseeable and other obligations as well as potential losses arising before the financial year-end are recognized if they are known before the financial statements are prepared and provided all other conditions for forming provisions are met.

Personnel

Wages, salaries and social security charges are recognized in the income statement according to the terms of employment, to the extent they are due to either employees or the tax authorities.

SALLUX recognizes an obligation if it has demonstrably committed to paying a termination benefit or transition payment. If the termination is part of a reorganization, SALLUX includes the costs of a termination benefit or transition payment in a provision for reorganization costs.

Jubilee benefits are recognized as an expense in the year in which they are paid.

Interest

Interest is allocated to successive financial reporting periods in proportion to the outstanding principal. Premiums and discounts are treated as annual interest charges so that the effective interest rate, together with the interest payable on the loan, is recognized in the income statement, with the amortized (net) cost of the liabilities being recognized in the balance sheet. Period interest expense and similar related expenses are recognized in the year in which they fall due.

Notes to the balance sheet as at 31 December 2021

Intangible assets (1)

The movement of the Intangible assets can be calculated as follows:

	Software	Website	Total
Opening net book amount at 1 January 2020	203	9.328	9.531
Additions	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-
Depreciation charge	-174	-4.204	-4.378
Closing net book amount at 31 December 2020	29	5.124	5.153
At 31 December 2020			
Cost or valuation	696	16.817	17.513
Accumulated depreciation, impairment and other adjustments	-667	-11.693	-12.360
Closing net book amount at 31 December 2020	29	5.124	5.153
Opening net book amount at 1 January 2021	29	5.124	5.153
Additions	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-
Depreciation charge	-29	-2.525	-2.554
Closing net book amount at 31 December 2021	-	2.599	2.599
At 31 December 2021			
Cost or valuation	696	16.817	17.513
Accumulated depreciation, impairment and other adjustments	-696	-14.218	-14.914
Closing net book amount at 31 December 2021	-	2.599	2.599
Amortization rate	25%	25%	

Property, plant and equipment (2)

The movement of the property, plant and equipment can be calculated as follows

EUR	Plant, Machinery and equipment	Furniture and material	Total
At 1 January 2020			
Cost or valuation	3.304	4.124	7.428
Accumulated depreciation, impairments and other adjustments	-1526	-2.879	-4.405
Opening net book value at 1 January 2020	1.778	1.245	3.023
Period ended 31 December 2020			
Additions	0	3.238	3.238
Disposals	0	-2.365	-2365
Closing Cost or Valuation at 31 December 2020	3.304	4.997	8.301
Accumulated depreciation on disposals	0	2365	2365
Depreciation charge for the year	-464	-1463	-1.927
Closing Accumulated depreciation, impairments and other adjustments at 31 December 2020	-1.990	-1.977	-3.967
Closing net book value at 31 December 2020	1.314	3.020	4.334
Period ended 31 December 2021			
Additions	0	1.218	1.218
Disposals	-	-	0
Closing Cost or Valuation at 31 December 2021	3.304	6.215	9.519
Accumulated depreciation on disposals	0	0	0
Depreciation charge for the year	-438	-1162	-1.600
Closing Accumulated depreciation, impairments and other adjustments at 31 December 2021	-2.428	-3.139	-5.567
Closing net book value at 31 December 2021	876	3.076	3.952
Depreciation rate:	25%	25-50%	

All Property, plant and equipment is owned by the Foundation and valued.

The used method of depreciation is: straight-line depreciation.

The item Property, plant and equipment is only for SALLUX's own use. This was also the case in 2020.

Financial assets (3)

The financial assets consist of a Rental-deposit that was paid to the lessor of the building on Bergstraat 33, Amersfoort NL.

EUR	31-dec-21	31-dec-20
Rental deposit	1.602	1.602
Total Financial Assets	1.602	1.602

Receivables (4)

EUR	31-dec-21	31-dec-20
Trade receivables	0	0
Membership fees receivable	150	500
Prepayment for project 2022	4.000	0
Prepayments	912	250
Total trade and other receivables	5.062	750

Own equity (5)

Equity

EUR	2021	2020
Opening amount January 1st	7.422	4.115
Result of the financial year	3.729	3.307
Closing amount at 31 December	11.151	7.422

Provisions (6)

The Foundation has, according to Regulation EU, EURATOM 1141/2014 a possibility to 'carry-over' costs from year N+1 to year N, in order to receive the total contribution of the European Parliament. A provision is formed for the amount not spent in year N to receive the full contribution. This amount is calculated annually with support of a 'Contribution calculation document'.

EUR	31-dec-21	31-dec-20
Provision carry-over Q1 N+1	32.501	6.068

Provisions are carried at present value, unless stated otherwise. This provision is the amount of the Grant of 2020 carried over to 2021. It has to be covered by expenses in the first 3 months of 2021. In these months the expenses were higher than the provision.

Current liabilities (7)

EUR	31-dec-21	31-dec-11
Creditors	20.535	14.675
Taxes	9.294	9.357
European Parliament Grant	-	-
Holiday allowance	6.397	6.146
Salaries payable	-	-91
Other liabilities	3.038	24
Total current liabilities	39.264	30.111

Arrangements and commitments not shown in the balance sheet

Operating leases – group as lessee

SALLUX has entered into operating leases for office space as lessee. The face value of the future minimum lease payments is € 23.643 (2020: €30.622). The average maturity of the operating lease contracts per balance sheet date is 3,2 years (2020: 4,2 years).

Notes to the income statement for the year endd 31 December 2021

Gross operating result (8)

EUR	31-dec-21	Budget 2021	31-dec-20
EP-grant	339.976	401.358	300.523
Membership fees	10.750	8.000	5.250
Donations	11.530	13.124	15.725
Booksales/Entrance fees	732	-	303
Interest from prefinancing	-	-	-
	362.988	422.482	321.801

The European Parliament grant is recognized for € 366.409 of the contract with the European Parliament. This grant is based on an annual application. The provisions for this grant are laid down in the grant decision FINS 2021-19 dated 27-01-2021. The final report of 2020 has been approved by the European Parliament on 14-02-2022

Breakdown of EP-Grant

EUR			
Carry over from N-1	6.068	-	7.300
Grant received for 2021	366.409	401.358	299.291
Carry over to N+1	-32.501	-	-6.068
	339.976	401.358	300.523

Wages and salaries (9)

EUR			
Wages and Salaries	119.372	125.000	116.491

Social security charges (10)

EUR	31-dec-21	Budget 2021	31-dec-20
Pension charges	-	-	-
Other social security charges	20.350	22.000	20.768
	20.350	22.000	20.768

Workforce

The average number of staff (in FTEs) employed by SALLUX in 2021 was 2,33 (2020:2,33.). All staff was working from the Amersfoort Office. There were no employees working from outside The Netherlands.

Amortization of intangible assets and depreciation of property, plant and equipment (11)

EUR	31-dec-21	Budget 2021	31-dec-20
Intangible assets	2.555	3.000	4.379
Property, plant and equipment	1.600	5.000	1.927
	4.155	8.000	6.306

Other operating expenses (12)

EUR			
Other personell costs	39.092	47.500	39.171
Rent and cost of housing	10.089	13.500	12.095
Office costs	6.867	1.600	3.171
Accounting and Legal costs	11.173	10.500	9.931
Studies and research	91.518	100.000	60.150
Events and meetings	31.248	74.082	35.996
Publication costs	8.766	6.000	2.175
Website	8.522	8.000	4.383
Publicity and communications	4.203	3.000	2.814
Postal and telecom	3.311	2.500	2.399
	214.789	266.682	172.285

Financial income and expenses (13)

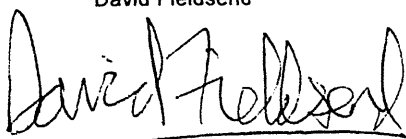
EUR			
Financial costs	593	800	2.644
	593	800	2.644

Events after the balance sheet date for the consolidated financial statements

In 2021 the Corona-virus spread through the world. This was very disturbing for the economy and society. Because Sallux receives the main part of its income from the European Parliament, Sallux does not (financially) suffer from the crisis. For 2022 it is expected that more 'live-events' will take place again.

Signatories to the financial statements

Board:
David Fieldsend


Walter van Luik

Other information

Auditor's report

The Auditor's report can be found before the Annual account.

Statutory remarks about Appropriation of results

The Statutes mention that the General Assembly has the authority to decide the appropriation of the results (Article 10). In anticipation of the decision of the General Assembly the result of 2021 of € 3.729 has been added to the General reserve.

Annex 1: Profit and Loss account according to the models given by European Parliament

	2021	2021budget	2020
A.1. Personell costs			
A.1.1. Salaries	158.234	164.000	155.390
A.1.2. Contributions	-	-	-
A.1.3. Professional training	-	500	-
A.1.4. Staff mission expensives	2.859	15.000	3.104
A.1.5. Other personell costs	17.721	15.000	17.936
	178.814	194.500	176.430
A.2: Infrastructure and operating costs			
A.2.1. Rent, charges & maintenance costs	10.089	13.500	12.095
A.2.2. Costs relating to the installation , etc	6.909	3.000	2.803
A.2.3. Depreciation of (im)movable property	4.154	8.000	6.306
A.2.4. Stationary and ofiice supplies	369	1.000	547
A.2.5. Postal and telecommunications charges	3.311	2.500	2.400
A.2.6. Printing, translations and reprod. costs	5.875	500	2.512
A.2.7. Other infrastructure costs	-	100	-
	30.707	28.600	26.663
A.3: Administrative expenditure			
A.3.1. Documentation costs (newspapers etc.)	623	-	112
A.3.2. Costs of studies and research	91.518	100.000	60.150
A.3.3. Legal costs	1.547	500	-
A.3.4. Accounting and office costs	9.626	10.000	9.931
A.3.5. Miscellaneous administrative costs	593	800	425
A.3.6. Support to affiliated org and subsidies	-	-	-
	103.907	111.300	70.618
A.4: Meetings and representation costs			
A.4.1. Costs of meetings of the foundation	31.170	73.482	35.846
A.4.2. Participation in seminars and conf	80	500	-
A.4.3. Representation costs	-	-	149
A.4.4. Costs of invitations	-	100	-
A.4.5. Other meeting related costs	-	-	-
	31.250	74.082	35.995

A.5: Information and publication costs			
A.5.1. Publications costs	8.766	6.000	2.175
A.5.2. Creation and operation of internetsites	1.613	5.000	1.580
A.5.3. Publicity costs	4.203	2.000	2.814
A.5.4. Communication equipment (gadgets)	-	1.000	-
A.5.5. Seminars and exhibitions	-	-	-
A.5.6. Other information related costs	-	-	-
	14.582	14.000	6.569
B.1 Non-eligible expenditure			
B.1.1. Allocations to other provisions	-	-	-
B.1.2. Financial charges	-	-	-
B.1.3. Exchange losses	-	-	-
B.1.4. Doubtfull claims on third parties	-	-	2.219
B.1.5. Others	-	-	-
	-	-	2.219
Total expenditure	359.260	422.482	318.494
European parliament funding carried over			
D.1.1. from N-1	6.068	-	7.300
D.1.2. European parliament grant	366.409	401.358	299.291
European parliament funding carried over			
D.1.3. to N+1	-32.501	-	-6.068
	339.976	401.358	300.523
D.2. Membership fees			
D.2.1. Membership fees from memberparties	10.750	8.000	5.250
D.2.2. Membership fees from ind. members	-	-	-
D.3. Donations			
D.3.1. Donations above 500 EUR	10.500	13.124	14.840
D.3.2. Donations below 500 EUR	1.030	-	885
D.4. Other own resources	733	-	303
Total Revenue	362.989	422.482	321.801
Result	3.729	-	3.307

Annex 2: Members of SALLUX (on 31-21-2021)

The following organisations are full members of Sallux. Full membership is the only type of membership in Sallux

Name of organisation	Abbreviation	Country
Familienforum Österreich	FO	Austria
Kompassi	Kompassi	Finland
A Barankovics István Alapítvány (The Stephen Barankovics Foundation)	BIA	Hungary
Keresztény Értelmiségiek Szövetsége (Federation of Christian Intellectuals)	KESZ	Hungary
Fondazione Magna Carta	FMC	Italy
Integra	Integra	North Macedonia
Wetenschappelijk Instituut SGP	WI SGP	Netherlands
European Economic Summit	EES	Netherlands
Schuman Centre for European Studies	Schuman Centre	Netherlands
Areopagus	Areopagus	Romania
Pro Vita București	PVB	Romania
World Teach	WT	Romania
Cristianos En Democracia	CED	Spain
Clapham Institute	CI	Sweden
Jubilee Centre	JC	UK
Foundation Democratic Initiatives	FDI	Ukraine

Annex 2: Final Statement of eligible expenditure actually incurred

ESTIMATED BUDGET

Costs		
Reimbursable costs	Budget	Actual
A.1: Personnel costs	194.500,00	178.814,17
1. Salaries	164.000,00	158.234,03
2. Contributions	0,00	0,00
3. Professional training	500,00	0,00
4. Staff missions expenses	15.000,00	2.859,27
5. Other personnel costs	15.000,00	17.720,87
A.2: Infrastructure and operating costs	28.600,00	30.707,40
1. Rent, charges and maintenance costs	13.500,00	10.089,42
2. Costs relating to installation, operation and maintenance of equipment	3.000,00	6.909,07
3. Depreciation of movable and immovable property	8.000,00	4.154,00
4. Stationery and office supplies	1.000,00	368,60
5. Postal and telecommunications charges	2.500,00	3.310,86
6. Printing, translation and reproduction costs	500,00	5.875,45
7. Other infrastructure costs	100,00	0,00
A.3: Administrative costs	111.300,00	103.906,88
1. Documentation costs (newspapers, press agencies, databases)	0,00	622,98
2. Costs of studies and research	100.000,00	91.518,00
3. Legal costs	500,00	1.547,13
4. Accounting and audit costs	10.000,00	9.626,18
5. Miscellaneous administrative costs	800,00	0,00
6. Support to third parties	0,00	592,59
A.4: Meetings and representation costs	74.082,00	31.250,25
1. Costs of meetings	73.482,00	31.170,25
2. Participation in seminars and conferences	500,00	80,00
3. Representation costs	0,00	0,00
4. Costs of invitations	100,00	0,00
5. Other meeting-related costs	0,00	0,00
A.5: Information and publication costs	14.000,00	14.581,68
1. Publication costs	6.000,00	8.765,80
2. Creation and operation of Internet sites	5.000,00	1.613,12
3. Publicity costs	2.000,00	4.202,76
4. Communications equipment (gadgets)	1.000,00	0,00
5. Seminar and exhibitions	0,00	0,00
6. Other information-related costs	0,00	0,00
A.6. Allocation to "Provision to cover eligible costs of the first quarter of year N+1"		32.501,00
A. TOTAL ELIGIBLE COSTS	422.482,00	391.761,38
Ineligible costs		
1. Provisions		
2. Exchange losses	0,00	
3. Doubtful claims on third parties		0,00
4. Contributions in kind		0,00
5. Others (to be specified)		0,00
B. TOTAL INELIGIBLE COSTS	0,00	0,00
C. TOTAL COSTS	422.482,00	391.761,38

Revenue		
	Budget	Actual
D.1. Dissolution of "Provision to cover eligible costs of the first quarter of year N"	n/a	6.068,00
D.2. European Parliament funding	401.358,00	366.409,00
D.3. Member contributions	8.000,00	10.750,00
3.1 from member organisations	8.000,00	10.750,00
3.2 from individual members	0,00	0,00
D.4 Donations	13.124,00	11.530,00
	13.124,00	10.500,00
		1.030,00
D.5 Other own resources	0,00	733,00
booksales		733,00
interest prefinancing		
D.6. Interest from pre-financing		
D.7. Contributions in kind		
D. TOTAL REVENUE	422.482,00	395.490,00
E. profit/loss (D-C)	0,00	3.728,62

F. Allocation of own resources to the reserve account	0,00	3.728,62
G. Profit/loss for verifying compliance with the no-profit rule (E-F)	0,00	0,00